NICARAGUANS AT WAR

CLERICALS, UNDER GENERAL ORITZ, ARE IN OPEN REVOLT.

They Have Possession of Leon, the Old Capital of the Republic, and Have Good Guns and Ammunition.

MAY MARCH ON MANAGUA

WHERE PRESIDENT ZELAYA IS CON-CENTRATING HIS SOLDIERS.

Granada and Other Cities in Favor of the Government-\$1,000,000 Offered for Equipment of Troops.

(Copyright, 1896, by the Associated Press.) MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Feb. 27. - The revolution is now in full blast, and all the cities of Nicaragua on this side of the country are in arms and preparing either to support President Zelaya or to contribute men for the march of his enemies on the capital, Managua. Fugitives who have reached this city from Leon, the old capital of Nicaragua, headquarters of the rebels, which is opposed to the Liberal or Zelaya party on general principles, and as a result of differences of long standing, chief of which is the transfer of the capital from Leon to Managua, say that the Leonists are in arms to a man, and rapidly organizing an army with which to advance upon Managua. They have the advantage of possessing more modern arms and artillery, but the adherents of the President are not discouraged, especially as the Granada Conservatives, concerning whose attitude as a body there was some doubt, declared the:aselves to-day in favor of Zelaya. This means almost haif the battle more important commercial interests than any other city of Nicaragua. Besides, it cross the lake to Fort San Carlos, at the mouth of the San Juan river, by which waterway communication with the Atlantic ocean is maintained, via San Juan del Sur, better known as Greytown, near the eastern entrance to the proposed maritime canal of Nicaragua, in which citizens of the United States are interested.

Thus, with Granada and other smaller cities supporting him, President Zelaya hopes to crush the rebellion in due time The loss of Granada would most likely have turned the tide against the President. Then, again, the support of the Conservatives of Granada, who are in the majority by long odds, is not lukewarm support. They telegraphed to the President to-day, offering him the sum of \$1,000,000 with which to equip the troops being hurriedly enrolled to defend the capital against the Leonists and their clerical supporters. The offer was promptly accepted. In addition, the government can now not only withdraw all the regular troops from Granada, but, in addition, a strong corps of volunteers is being raised there to support the President and its advance guard will shortly leave Granada for this city, where every preparation possible for defense her been

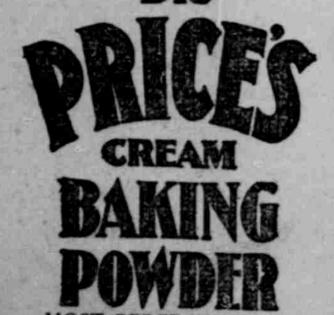
The military authorities here are working night and day, and the populace is wild with warlike enthusiasm. The military band which, on certain nights in the week, plays in front of the President's palace, now plays there nightly, and all the patriotic airs are loudly applauded by the crowds which gather about the executive mansion. Last night the President was compelled to appear three or four times in answer to the demands of his admiring supporters. Three thousand men and twenty pieces of artillery are already mushere, but the men are armed with ridges is limited and the ammunition is bad. Out of ten cartridges tried by an officer this morning only four exploded been handed out about the different guard nouses, and the boxes of cartridges from the arsenal are believed to be of much better quality. Incidentally, it may be added, the soldiers of Nicaragua go barelooted, are dressed in jean jumpers and pants, and a straw hat, rifle, bayonet and cartridge belt completes their equipment. quently, the expense of putting a few housand men in the field is not very great, so long as the government can obtain arms. The cost of feeding a Nicaraguan army is also very light. A few beans and a plantain make a meal for soldiers in this country, and they will undertake long without shoes, on this diet, and ight fairly well into the bargain.

President's army, it has been determined, will not wait to be attacked. So are made the government force will advance on Leon and try to capture that forcements they expect from Chinandaga and other places north. This step is especially advisable, as it is well known that the Leonists are expecting men and arms from the Clerical party of Honduras. In short, it looks very much like a struggle between Clericalism and Liberalism, which may involve other Central American republics beside Nicaragua. From present indications, President Zelaya will lead his army in person against the rebels. This is the determination he has arrived at, but his intimate advisers hold that it would be risking too much to leave the capital at such a crisis. The President combats this idea, claims he can confide the capital to the care of the loyal inhabitants and that his place is at the head of his army.

The leaders of the Leonists, of course, are the leaders of the Clerical party, but the head of the movements is General Oritz, an ex-President and a stanch Clerical. He has been an active politician for lifetime and has been more or less prominently concerned in all the national movements of recent years. About this time last year, for instance, the government of Honduras obtained possession of documents showing that a plot existed to replace Carlos Ezeta in power in Salvador and Oritz in Nicaragua. There was to be a simultaneous movement of Clericals in the three republics, it being judged that such a step would prevent the three governments from helping each other. General Oritz was then a fugitive in Guatemala, but when the matter was investigated by the Nicaraguan government the facts stated were found to be correct, and a quantity of arms and ammunition intended for the conspirators were found concealed in

warehouse at Corinto. There is also a rumor that Costa Rica may take advantage of the rebellion to settle some old quarrels which have existed for years past between that republic and Nicaragua regarding, principally, the route of the Nicaragua canal and the rights of Costa Rica under a concession granted to the American company. In any case, the

Awarded Highest Honors-World's Fair, ·DR:



MOST PERFECT MADE A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant, 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

for Nicaragua, but for all the Central American republics, and the presence of United States war ships on the coasts would do a great deal of good and could certainly

Later-The government forces have com menced an advance on the departments in revolt against President Zelaya without standing on the defensive and waiting for the expected attack of the Leonists. The town of Nagarote was attacked and taken by storm by the government troops this morning. This town is near the western shore of Lake Managua and only a few miles from the border of the department of the Occident. It is about twenty-five miles northwest of the city of Managua and on the route towards Leon, the seat of the revolt. The moral effect of its capture is bound to be great, and it is regarded as a most important victory for the gov-

MASSACRE AT ARABEKIR.

3.000 Armenians Stain-Their Widows

and Orphans Starving. LONDON, Feb. 27 .- The Anglo-Armenian Association has received a telegram from Constantinople which says that three thou-Arabekir and that the widows and orphans of those killed are in terrible distress from cold and hunger. The dispatch also says that the Armenians of Sivas and Cesarea are in daily fear of massacre. Forced conversions to Islamism are general throughout the Asiatic provinces.

Denied by Turks.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 27.-Inquiries made here seem to establish the fact that there is no truth in the story from this city, published in the Daily News of London to-day, that on Feb. 14, the first day of the Rumadan festival, the Turks surounded the Armenian quarter in Marsovan, ordered the Armenians to accept Islam and killed 150 who refused to do so. Mr. Milo A. Jewett, the United States consul at Sivas, passed through Marsovan recently, and telegraphed that he was proceeding to his post, thus indicating that Marsovan is tranguil. The embassadors of the powers have made representations to the Porte regarding the precarious situation at Aintab, Asiatic Turkey.

"DR. JIM" AND HIS FELLOWS. Their Ridiculous Pride on Board Ship

En Route to England. LONDON, Feb. 27.-Dr. Jameson appears not to have realized his position as a prisoner while traveling from Africa to England. He managed to carry a great deal won, for Masaya will undoubtedly follow him. It is now stated that upon leaving is the eastern port of Lake Nicaragua and | they were treated on the same footing as first-class passengers and served with the same food, wine, liquors and tobacco. Before the vessel lifted anchor, Jameson gave emphatic expression to his indignation at caused a telegram to be sent to the Colonial Secretary, complaining that he and his as-

sociates were mixed up with the warrant officers and soldiers' families By the time the ship reached Zanzibar ie government ordered the officer in charge to remedy the cause of complaint. Then the high-toned prisoners were screened apart from the inferior people aboard the ship and allowed the use of the first-class smoking room and desk. Now the same prisoners the London evening papers describe as swashbucklers and a very aristocratic lot, and say that they look like a band of noblemen. "Dr. Jim" is the London public as anything more than a stunted and slender figure in a slouch hat, olue sailor cravat and rough overcoat. Most of the party are very like American cowboys, togged out for ranch work. Real blue blood does exist among a few of them. It flows in the veins of Sir John Willoughby, Major the Hon. H. F. White, and his brother, Captain White, who are both the sons of Lord Annerley, and C. P. Foley,

son of Gen. Sir George Foley. The bits of toadyism in the newspapers, like the tumultous applause in the Bowstreet court room, represented a considerable share of English feeling, which seeks to make heroes out of a lot of adventurers who can thank Divine Providence that they were not shot down in their tracks by the Boers, or hanged if they escaped shooting. One of the members of the noble-looking contingent was already ar-rested for embezzlement and committed before he went to South Africa.

Britain Not Asked to Evacuate Egypt. LCNDON, Feb. 27.-Replying to Sir E. Ashmead-Bartlett, Mr. Curzon, Under Secretary for the Foreign Office, said in the House of Commons to-day that the government had not received, recently, a proposal from any government involving the evacuation of Egypt. In reply to a question on the subject, Mr. Curzon declared that 'Russia had assured Great Britain that there was no truth in the report that, by the terms of the treaty concluded between Russia and China, the former had secured railway rights and commercial advantages, to which the "most favored nation" clause did not apply. Mr. A. J. Balfour, First Lord of the Treasury, replying to a question, said it was not proposed to ask the approval of the signers of the Berlin treaty for a Russian occupation of Anatolia. Mr. Curson declared that Russia had assured Great Britain that there was no truth in the report that by the terms of a treaty concluded between Russia and China

the former had secured rallway rights and commercial advantages to which the "most favored nation" clause did not apply The House of Commons to-night, by a vote of 258 to 124, adopted Mr. A. J. Balfour's new rules of procedure, which relate particularly to the debate on supply. They provide for one sitting a week to be permanently devoted to effective supply in the ordinary financial business of the year has been under discussion for a certain number of days a form of automatic closure

shall be brought into operation. Healy as Radical as Ever.

LONDON, Feb. 27.-Timothy Healy, in addressing the Irish National Federation at Dublin to-day, accused John Dillon of getting himself elected to the chairmanship of the party by intrigue and in disregard of the feeling of the country. His position, however, Mr. Healy continued, entitled him to forbearance as long as he kept within the broad lines of his policy. Mr. Healy would rather see Ireland governed as a chosen colony, he said, than as it was gov-erned. "If, when the Liberals are returned to power," he added, "nothing is done for home rule, the Irish members should provoke our expulsion from Parliament. After a few years of governing Ireland without representatives at Westminster, fear would probably induce England to would eventually broaden into an Irish Par-

Belgians Will Fight Dervishes. LONDON, Feb. 28.-A Rome dispatch to the Daily News says: "The King of the Belgians has decided to make war on the dervishes throughout the Congo State. It is reported that all the available vessels on

the Congo have already been chartered." Cable Notes. The Duke and Duchess of Mariborough and Mr. W. K. Vanderbilt have arrived at Monte Carlo.

Rev. Thomas Grace, rector of the Cathedral of the Most Blessed Sacrament, Sacramento, Cal., has been appointed bishop of the diocese of Sacramento, in succession to Right Rev. P. Manogue, D. D. General Lord Wolseley, speaking in Lonon yesterday, advocated increasing the navy as Great Britain's first line of defense. He expressed the opinion that "In the event of war it would be impossible to

DWYER PUT TO SLEEP.

sever our food supply."

O'Donnell Hit Him on the Jaw with a Right-Hand Swing.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.-The attraction carded for the new Manhattan Athletic Club boxing entertainment to-night was the | Washington, D. C 30 ten-round go between Steve O'Donnell, Corbett's former sparring partner, and Jim Dwyer, the Elizabeth heavy-weight. Several other bouts were down on the programme and a large crowd gathered around the arena.

The evening's entertainment began with a six-round contest at 125 pounds between Martin McCue, of New York, and Tommy White, who has gained considerable fame as a feather-weight in Chicago. The boys were in good condition, but they fought wildly after the second round. White got The second bout was between Paddy

part of the bout and a great deal of fighting at the end. Both men showed cleverness and were so evenly matched that the judges decided it a draw. The fifth round was the most exciting of the lot, both swinging right and left. Purtell was almost out in this round, but came up fairly strong for the last. There was not much execution in the final round, for neither seemed able to land a blow, and when the bell rang they were clinched.
O'Donnell and Dwyer then came of O'Donnell had an easy mark in the Jerseyman and he took advantage of it for seven rounds, at the conclusion of which he put Dwyer to sleep with a right-hand swing on the jaw.

"Corbett Is a Big Wind Bag." NEW YORK, Feb. 27.-Robert Fitzsimmons arrived in this city to-day. He was accompanied by his wife, Martin Julian, Julian's mother and Jack Everhardt. In regard to Corbett, Fitzsimmons said to a reporter: "Corbett is a big wind-bag, and I don't believe he really wants to fight me. At all events, I'll keep him guessing for a while, thus giving him a dose of his own medicine. He told me to go fight Steve O'Donnell and get a reputation. Now, I'll tell him to fight O'Donnell and then I'll meet him. Hereafter I'll only fight under auspices of recognized clubs. No more Mexico for me."

STAND BY THE ARMY

EVA BOOTH'S APPEAL TO THE SAL-VATIONISTS OF AMERICA.

The Temporary Commander Issues Circular on the Recent Troubles of the Organization.

NEW YORK, P.b. 27 .- A general prayer meeting was held at Salvation Army headquarters to-night, after which the following circular, issued by temporary Commander Eva C. Booth, was read:

"My Dear Comrades-Now that the general has appointed me to the command the United States until the arrival of the new commissioner I hasten to place myself in your hands in this season of deep and heart-rending sorrow, to be of what service God can enable me to push forward the salvation of souls. It has given me untold omfort in this terrible storm to receive assurances of loyalty from the brigadiers, divisional and field staff. Every hour brings of what seems ridiculous pride along with | me from all parts of the field testimonials of the sorrow felt on the one hand and of unswerving loyalty on the other. I will the lead of Granada. The latter city has Durban the prisoners were put into the therefore confine my first letter to you to 5,000, a majority of the voters signing for "First-Do not be influenced to a final decision on the whole case until the general's return to England, when he has promised to fully consider and decide on the issue

> Second-Remember that heavy and bithad it been possible, it cannot be as painful as for those of his own family, who would gladly lay down their lives to avert

on the principles at stake. Should the genother for India? Apply one law to his son and another to his brigadiers and field officers? These questions lie at the root of the present distress, and it is to preserve the unity of the whole army that the general has felt it right to decide and act as he has done.

gaze of the whole world is fixed upon America, and especially upon its officers, votion, because of struggles through which you have fought, and because of the victories won for the cause in the past, and because you know the power as well as the grace of obedience. 'Fifth-Stand by the army. It is world-

wide in its unity, benevolence and pur-"Sixth-Be careful to avoid encouraging any party or personal feeling. Cultivate the gift of love, speak evil of and think evil of no one. "Seventh-Have faith in God. We shall overcome. But we can only do so by fightng in confidence that our principles are

"Eighth-Give me your trust. I am alone. My heart is broken. This command has been suddenly and unexpectedly given me. feel my responsibility, and I want to bless you and help you and guide you. "Ninth-Pray for me. Write me concerning your sorrow. I am a sharer of it, and with what consolation I receive I shall give, and I am sure I need not ask you to continually remember before the turone our beloved general—the father of our movement. His spirit will be torn, his heart lacerated. Our prayers and love

MUCH COLDER TO-DAY.

Predictions and Observations of the Local Weather Bureau. Forecast for Indianapolis and vicinity for the twenty-four hours ending 11 p. m. Feb.

28.-Much colder; fair weather on Friday; colder, fair at night. Advices from Chicago herald the approach

General Conditions-The storm area moved only slowly eastward, with its center east of Lake Superior; it is followed by an area the Northwest another low barometric from ten to twenty-two degrees from the Ohio valley and New York northward, elsewhere it fell; west of the Mississippi the temperature fell from ten to thirty degrees, and in Minnesota it is near zero again. Fair weather prevailed and rain fell only at

Local Forecast Official. FORECAST FOR THREE STATES. WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.-For Ohio-Fair; colder in northwestern portion; winds becoming northwesterly. For Indiana and Illinois-Fair; colder; northwesterly winds.

Thursday's Local Observations. Bar. Ther. R.H. Wind, Weather. Pre. 7 a. m. .29.66 44 70 South. Pt. Cl'dy. 0.00 7 p. m. .29.62 60 68 South. Cloudy. 0.00 Maximum temperature, 70; minimum temperature, 40. Following is a comparative statement of the temperature and precipitation Feb. 27:

Mean Departure from normal *20 Departure since Feb. 1..... -7 Departure since Jan. 1 *86 C. F. R. WAPPENHANS, Local Forecast Official. *Plus.

Yesterday's Temperatures. The following table of temperatures is furnished by the United States Weather

i		7 a.m.	Max.	7 p.n
ı	Atlanta	. 46	70	
ı	Bismarck, N. D	. 30	30	
ı	Buffalo	. 30	54	
ı	Calgary, N. W. T	. 10	20	
ı	Cairo, Ill	. 50	72	
ı	Cheyenne	. 26	40	1
í	Chicago	. 42	58	
١	Concordia	. 40	54	
ł	Davenport, Ia	. 44	62	
ı	Des Moines	. 40	56	10
i	Dodge City	. 46	52	
8	Galveston	. 58	64	
ı	Helena		44	
ı	Jacksonville, Fla	46	72	
ı	Kansas City, Mo	48	62	
ı	Little Rock, Ark	48	79	
ł	Marquette, Mich	36	54	
ı	Memphis	59	70	
ı	Nashville	48	70	
۱	New Orleans		66	
ı	New York		49	
ı	North Platte, Neb	40	50	la i
ı	Oklahoma, O. T	40	62	
ı	Okianoma, O. 1	44	52	
ı	Omaha		64	
۱	Pittsourg	. 04	0.4	
ı	Qu'Appelle, N. W. T			
ı	Rapid City, S. D	. 35	43	10.00
ı	Salt Lake City	. 01	50	
ı	St. Louis	. 02	76	19
١	St. Paul		52	d 2
ı	Springfield, Ill		70	
ı	Springfield, Mo		70	
п	TTI - It when you	1000	0.0	

Rush for Railway Lands. DES MOINES, Ia., Feb. 27.-There was a great scramble for the land office this morning by people desiring to file on the O'Brien county railway lands thrown open to settlement. Eight thousand acres are involved. About 1,200 applications were filed. Many people remained all night in the corridors of the federal building to be on hand early this morning. A special train brought many anxious people in last evening. Filings closed at noon.

For Indigestion

Use Horsford's Acid Phosphate.

PROHIBITION QUESTION TAKEN OUT OF POLITICS IN IOWA.

Resubmission Amendments Defeated in the House of Representatives by a Vote of 61 to 52.

KENTUCKY'S LONG DEADLOCK

EFFORTS TO INDUCE HUNTER AND BLACKBURN TO WITHDRAW.

Rumors of Trouble Over Unseating of Members-Republican National Convention Hall.

DES MOINES, Ia., Feb. 27.-In the House, this morning, prohibition was killed. The constitutional amendment resolution was brought up and the vote was taken without discussion. The resolution was defeated by a vote of 61 to 52. A motion to reconsider was made and laid on the table, and then the consideration of the resolution indefinitely postponed. This settles prohibition for five years at least in Iowa. There are ninety-nine members of the House, and all but six were present and voted.

The defeat of resubmission ends the prohibition question in Iowa politics. The amendment proposed was passed for the first time two years ago, when the Legislature enacted the mulct liquor law, which is now in force in this State. The mulct law has given much satisfaction, and its success made, in the opinion of many Prohibitionists. resubmission unnecessary. They argued that resubmitting it might lose them what is left of the old prohibitory law-that law remaining in force under the mulct, except in counties where 65 per cent, of the voters sign a petition for saloons-in cities over vote on the question of prohibition. No laws iquors may be shipped into this State under the mulct law in counties and cities where the requisite signers have been obtained. The political significance of the vote to-day s not large, except in a few counties where members from such counties generally voted for resubmission, the Republican platform last fall referring this subject to the legislative districts, and in accordance with that declaration the members voted to-day.

LIVELY TIMES PREDICTED.

An "Unsenting" Contest May Begin in Kentucky To-Day. FRANKFORT, Ky., Feb. 27 .- While there was no material change in the ballot for Senator to-day, it is believed that a crisis will be reached to-morrow. The Kaufman and Tomkins contests are the special order for 10 o'clock in the House. The Blackburn men declare that a Republican Senator will be unseated for every Democrat voted out of the House, and that if the unseating business begins there will be no more joint ballots at this session. There has been some rough language about the successors to the unseated members not being allowed to enter the hall alive, but such violence is generally discredited, although the feeling between the Blackburn and the Hunter men is most intensely bitter. There will be minority and majority reports on the con-

test cases considered to-morrow. These reports are on party lines. The "sound-money" Democrats have requested a caucus for propositions for Blackburn's withdrawal. The Senator says he will comply if a petition for his withdrawal is signed by thirty-five Democrats, or a majority. It is conceded that such a petition never can be secured from the Democratic membership of the present Legislature. The gold men have assurance from Judge Peters and from two other Repubicans that they will join the Democrats at any time in an effort to elect a gold-standard Democrat, and they call on Senator Blackburn's personal followers to unite with them in an effort to induce Senator Blackburn to withdraw from the race. Sen-ator Salyer says: "I think the time has come to try some one else. If Senator Blackburn refuses to withdraw, knowing that he cannot be elected, then I will not The thirty-first ballot, taken to-day, re sulted: Blackburn, 62; Hunter, 62; Carlisle, 5; Holt, 3; Celson, 1; Bate, 1. After the ballot was concluded a motion to adjourn was defeated by a vote of 103 to 30, many Democrats voting against adjournment. The only thing in order was the thirty-third ballot. There were some significant change. sulted as did the thirty-second. At the conclusion of the second ballot everybody was ready to adjourn, when Senator Ogilvie arose and moved that a third ballot be taken. The Democrats cheered as the sick to the third ballot, but before it was completed the motion to adjourn was again put, and this time it carried.

To-night an attempt was made by the

two Populists to dictate the United States senatorship. Caucuses were called for by both the Blackburn and the Hunter forces. The Hunter caucus was the only one that was held. Populist Poor was present and suggested that Republicans unite on Jerry Porter. The proposition was emphatically refused. The Blackburn forces, less the sound-money men, met and immediately adjourned. Senator Salyer, a sound-money Democrat, who has been voting for Blackburn, said to-night a committee of soundmoney Democrats are drafting resolutions demanding that Blackburn withdraw. Senator Martin, Blackburn's manager, threatens to hold Chairman Stevenson per-sonally responsible if he calls a caucus to hear this resolution. Hissell, Carpenter and Chambers have bolted Hunter, agreeing to stand by him whenever their votes will elect him. Rummons, however, declared to-day that he would not vote for The Goebel bill, to repeal the charter o

the Southern Pacific road, was defeated in the Senate by a vote of 26 to 8,

WILL SEAT 12,000.

Republican Convention Hall. CHICAGO, Feb. 27 .- R. C. Kerens, of St.

Louis, member of the national committee from Missouri, and one of the committee on arrangements for the national Republican convention, was in Chicago to-day and stated that the plans for the new convention auditorium building are completed, and only await the examination and approval of Mr Adler, consulting architect for the national committee, for final adoption. The work of construction is to be pushed forward with all possible vigor. The convention auditorium is to be a sub

stantial building with seating capacity for not less than twelve thousand persons. The arrangements for delegates and alternates, the press and the audience are located in manner that will be most satisfactory. The entrances and exits are ample and commo dious. The entrances to the galleries will be by twelve separate stairways from the outside, and twelve teet in width. In al there will be twenty-four entrances. The platform or stage facilities will be ample and commodious. Special attention will be given to the acoustic properties of the hall. It is confidently believed that this auditorium will be the best in which a national convention has ever assembled. The building is to be located on the City Hall Park, will be within eight or ten minutes' walk of all the principa hotels, and is reached by several electric car railways, which come from all directions of the city. It is also within four blocks from the Union station. Mr. Kerens stated that the citizens of St. Louis, having a special pride for the reputation of the city, will spare no reasonable expense to carry out the expectations of the committee in respect to the building which they had undertaken for the holding of this convention. He also stated that there will be four other conventions held in St. Louis during the coming summer, all of a national character—People's party, Bimetallic party, International Street Railways and the Carriage and Wagon Mak-

ers-and the city can be depended upon to sustain its reputation for entertaining large throngs of people.

Fusion in Alabams. MONTGOMERY, Ala., Feb. 27.-At Birmingham to-day 150 leading Republicans and Populists held a conference to formulate plans upon which the two parties can fuse and nominate a joint State ticket when their two conventions meet, on April 28. It has been generally understood that the two parties would fuse, but how to bring gold-standard Republicans and free-silver Populists to-gether without a sacrifice of principle by either has been the problem. Captain Kolb, the late Populist candidate for Governor, presided over to-day's meeting, and the fol-

lowing resolution was adopted:
"Resolved, That it is the sense of this conference that the conventions of the People's party and of the Republican party that are to meet at Montgomery on April 28 shall enunciate their principles in their platforms, and shall each seek if possible to nominate the same ticket, which will in no instance violate the distinctive principles of either party. We respectfully recommend that both parties co-operate to this end."
State Senator A. T. Goodwin was the only man mentioned for Governor. The conference called on Congress to investigate alleged election frauds in Alabama.

Mayor Deprived of Power. BALTIMORE, Md., Feb. 27.-The City Council, at a meeting held to-night, passed an ordinance depriving Mayor Hooper of hi right to appoint municipal officers, and im mediately afterward adopted other ordinances declaring vacant about fourteen places which have been filled by the Mayor and confirmed by Council. This extraor nary action is the result of a fight with tween the Mayor and the Council over th question of filling the offices which came under the control of the Republican majority at the election in November, when for the first time in many years the Republicans carried the city.

NEW RAY LAMP.

Prof. F. L. Woodward's Method of Obtaining Cathodic Radiographs,

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Feb. 27.-F. L Woodward, of the Lawrence Scientific School at Harvard, has devised a new ray lamp by means of which excellent cathode radiographs have been obtained. The lamp is conical in shape, with walls of sheet aluminium one-tenth of an inch in thickness. The rays pass through the aluminium readily, and with this lamp Mr. Woodward has obtained very clearly defined shadowof the hand in five seconds, from an induced current of only between 25,000 The base of the lamp is of solid glass

with plaster of paris and made air-tight. A metallic ring passes around the base of the cone and holds the sides firmly to the glass bottom. Through a point a little at one side of the center of the glass base passes the cathode pole into the lamp, and a platinum disc is fastened to the end of it at such an angle as to be parallel to the lamp. At the top of the cone is a glass tube, through which the air may be exhausted. The new ray lamp has an interest aside from its construction from the fact that experiments conducted with it appear to disprove the theory that a glass vacuum envelope plays an important part in the generation of the Roentgen rays. This theory was advanced by Roentgen himself. The results already obtained from Mr. Woodward's lamp make it seem probable that with a high current, say 50,000 volts, an instantaeous photograph may be taken.

The Common Impression. Kansas City Journal. A young man has died at Edinburg, Ind softening of the brain from habitual cigarette smoking. A young man who makes a practice of smoking cigarettes is

How Can He? Chicago Post. Ballington Booth may not wish to lead a revolt, but, if the American Salvation Army persists in following him, how can

supposed to have a tolerably soft brain to

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Has been used over fifty years by millions ing with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays pain, cures wind colic, regulates the bowels, and is the best remedy for diarrhea, whether arising from teething or other causes. For sale by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, 25 cents a bottle.

Alarming Signs! When the voice is reduced to a husky whisper, with a hacking cause for alarm. Have recourse forthwith to Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. The relief will be immediate-the cure certain. Sold by all druggists. Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one min-

WORKS

In curing torturing, disfiguring, humiliating humours of the Skin and Blood.

Sold throughout the world, and especially by English and American chemiats in all the principal cities. British depots F. Newbert & Sons. 1. King Edward-st., London, Potter Drug and Cuem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

AMUSEMENTS. ENGLISH'S ... TO-NIGHT Hinrichs's Italian Opera Company, in Verdi's im-mortal work.

"IL TROVATORE." With Prevost, the phenomenal high C Tenor as "Man-rico," and Miss Tracey as "Leonora." Sat. Mat., "Traviata," with Nevada; Sat. Night. "Cavalleria" and "Pagilacci," with great casts. PRICES: Orchestra and dress c'rele, \$2; orchestra circle, \$2.50; balcony (reserved), \$1.50; gallery, 50c. Matinee same as night. Seats on sale at Pembroke. This Theatre does not advertise

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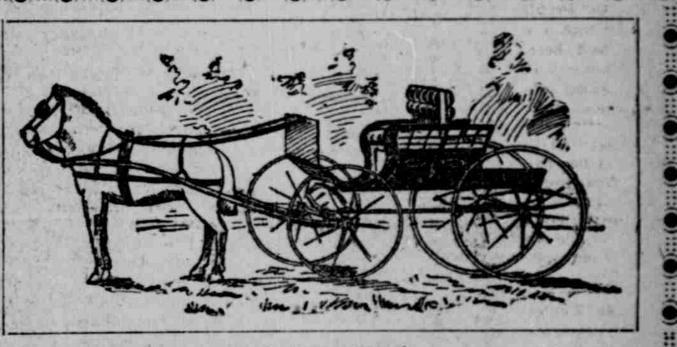
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Purtell, the Western welter-weight, and Joe Harman, of New York, ex-amateur champion, six rounds, at 145 pounds. There was clever sparring throughout the early torpid liver."

Dr. J. C. Roberts, Pulaski, Tenn., says: "I regard it a very valuable aid in treating all cases of dyspectic troubles, gravel and torpid liver." Purteil, the Western welter-weight, and